Code: CS3T2

II B.Tech - I Semester – Regular / Supplementary Examinations November 2017

DATA STRUCTURES (COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING)

Duration: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

PART - A

Answer *all* the questions. All questions carry equal marks 11x 2 = 22 M

1.

- a) Define recursion with a simple example.
- b) List out the criteria that must be satisfied by all algorithms.
- c) What are the applications of stack?
- d) Write an algorithm to delete from a circular queue.
- e) Write short notes on circularly linked list.
- f) Write the advantages of doubly linked list when compared to singly linked lists.
- g) Define Binary Tree and provide an example.
- h) Draw a binary tree with five nodes and three leaves.
- i) Write a short note on Prim's algorithm.
- j) What is a spanning tree?
- k) Define 'direct recursion' and 'indirect recursion'.

PART - B

Answer any *THREE* questions. All questions carry equal marks. $3 \ge 16 = 48 \text{ M}$

- 2. a) Illustrate the use of binary search algorithm to search 32 in the following list of elements. Explain the process at each step.
 8 M
 12, 16, 17, 19, 20, 22, 24, 29, 30, 32, 37
 - b) Write the algorithm for Quick Sort and also analyze the time complexity.8 M
- 3. a) Write an algorithm for infix to postfix conversion. 8 M
 - b) Discuss about the stack operations with algorithms. 8 M
- 4. a) Write an algorithm that determines the length of a circular list.6 M
 - b) Discuss about the singly linked list operations with algorithms.10 M
- 5. a) Explain the array and linked representations of binary tree with examples. 8 M

- b) Define the binary search tree. Also design an iterative algorithm to search for an element in the binary search tree.
 8 M
- 6. a) Describe the adjacency matrix and adjacency list representation of graphs with the help of an example.

8 M

b) Write the Kruskal's algorithm to compute the minimum cost spanning tree for an arbitrary input graph.8 M